

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1) The ability to see the connection between the larger world and your personal life is what sociologist C. Wright Mills called
- the sociological perspective.
  - social interaction.
  - the sociological imagination.
  - social psychology.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2) People who focus on the forces in society that promote competition and change employ the
- conflict perspective.
  - interactionist perspective.
  - functionalist perspective.
  - dysfunctionalist perspective.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3) The phrase “survival of the fittest,” or the belief that the best aspects of society would survive over time, was coined by
- Auguste Comte.
  - Karl Marx.
  - Max Weber.
  - Herbert Spencer.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4) An intended and recognized consequence of some element of society is a
- latent function.
  - manifest function.
  - dysfunction.
  - theory.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5) The study of the choices people make in an effort to satisfy their needs and wants is
- political science.
  - history.
  - social psychology.
  - economics.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6) The principle of Verstehen involves
- the application of scientific phenomena to the study of relationships.
  - studying features of society that are only observable.
  - working in isolation to find solutions to problems of society.
  - putting yourself in the place of others and trying to see situations through their eyes.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7) Anthropology is
- the social science that deals with the behavior and thinking of organisms.
  - the comparative study of past and present cultures.
  - the social science that studies human society and social behavior.
  - the observable facts or events that involve human society.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8) Herbert Spencer was strongly influenced by the views of \_\_\_\_\_, an evolutionist from the 1800s.
- Auguste Comte
  - Charles Darwin
  - Karl Marx
  - Max Weber
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9) A function is
- the consequence that an element of society produces for the maintenance of its social system.
  - the negative consequence an element has for the stability of the social system.
  - the intended and recognized consequence of some element of society.
  - an explanation of the relationships among particular phenomena.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10) A description comprised of the essential characteristics of a feature of society is a(n)
- theory.
  - Manifest function.
  - ideal type.
  - latent function.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11) Émile Durkheim
- developed the theory of social Darwinism.
  - was one of the first sociologists to systematically apply the methods of science to the study of society.
  - divided society into two classes—the bourgeoisie and the proletariat.
  - did all of the above.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12) Who coined the term sociology to describe the study of society?
- Auguste Comte
  - Herbert Spencer
  - Karl Marx
  - Émile Durkheim
- \_\_\_\_\_ 13) Which of the following does not describe the bourgeoisie?
- capitalists
  - workers
  - own the means of production
  - a class of society
- \_\_\_\_\_ 14) \_\_\_\_\_ conducted a study in 1897, *Suicide*, which examined suicide rates in several European countries.
- Karl Marx
  - Auguste Comte
  - Émile Durkheim
  - Max Weber
- \_\_\_\_\_ 15) Symbolic interaction is
- the process of focusing on how people use symbols when interacting.
  - part of the interactionist perspective.
  - both a and b.
  - neither a nor b.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 16) Auguste Comte suggested that certain processes, which he called \_\_\_\_\_, hold society together.
- social dynamics
  - social statics
  - “survival of the fittest”
  - functions
- \_\_\_\_\_ 17) Social psychology is
- the study of past events.
  - the study of anything that represents something else.
  - an unintended and unrecognized consequence of an element of society.
  - the study of how the social environment affects an individual’s behavior and personality.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 18) Sociologists refer to observable facts or events that involve human society as
- a sociological perspective.
  - a social interaction.
  - social phenomena.
  - sociological imagination.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 19) Functionalists view certain elements in society as \_\_\_\_\_, representing the negative consequences that elements have for the stability of the social system.
- manifest functions
  - dysfunctional
  - latent functions
  - functional
- \_\_\_\_\_ 20) People who view society as a set of interrelated parts that work together to produce a stable social system are said to employ the
- manifest function.
  - interactionist perspective.
  - theoretical perspective.
  - functionalist perspective.